HOUSING REVENUE ACCOUNT FINANCIAL MONITORING INFORMATION FOR THE PERIOD FROM 01 APRIL TO 31 DECEMBER 2023

Appendix F Note	Housing Revenue Account (HRA)	2023/24 Annual Budget £	2023/24 Full Year Forecast Varia £	nce %
	Income			
Α	SHO01 Dwelling Rents Income	(13,556,440)	(47,000)	0.3%
В	SHO04 Non Dwelling Rents Income	(487,570)	(17,000)	3.5%
С	SHO07 Leaseholders' Service Charges	(29,000)	3,000	-10.3%
D	SHO08 Contributions Towards Expenditure	(190,500)	15,000	-7.9%
Е	SHO10 H.R.A. Investment Income	(400,000)	(199,000)	49.8%
	SHO11 Miscellaneous Income	(6,000)	0	0.0%
	Services			
F	SHO13A Repairs & Maintenance	4,190,330	296,000	7.1%
G	SHO17A Housing & Tenancy Services	2,089,960	(271,000)	-13.0%
	Accounting entries 'below the line'			
	SHO29 Bad Debt Provision Movement	300,000	0	0.0%
	SHO30 Share Of Corporate And Democratic	161,170	0	0.0%
Н	SHO32 H.R.A. Interest Payable	1,232,280	(300,000)	-24.3%
I	SHO34 H.R.A. Transfers between Earmarked Reserves	1,447,630	45,000	3.1%
J	SHO37 Capital Receipts Reserve Adjustment	(20,800)	10,000	-48.1%
	SHO38 Major Repairs Allowance	2,535,000	0	0.0%
K	SHO45 Renewable Energy Transactions	(160,000)	(55,000)	34.4%
		(2,893,940)	(520,000)	18.0%

Note	Description of Major Movements	2023/24 Full Year Forecast Variance £
Α	Dwelling Rent Income: Forecast surplus of 0.2% or £32K, due to projected Right To Buy sales being lower than budgeted and Void levels being marginally lower than expected. Additionally the estimate for dwelling rent debt write-off is better than budgeted with £15k saving expected.	(47,000)
В	Garage and Garage Ground Rents: Based on projections there could be a £17k surplus at year-end. This is due to a greater number of units being made available for rent.	(17,000)
С	Leaseholders' Service Charges - minor variance of £3k	3,000
D	Contributions towards Expenditure: this is ancillary works conducted by Building Services which is generally reactive in nature. The year-end forecast at Q2 is a shortfall of £15k on the annual budget.	15,000
E	Investment Income: As per the forecast surplus reported on the General Fund.	(199,000)
F	Repairs and Maintenance: The last financial year proved a struggle for the service to fill vacancies, this has continued to 2023. The resulting estimated salary underspend will be circa £238k. External Contractors as a consequence is forecast to overspend by £342k (this includes Voids, Adaptations and Responsive Maintenance) and DLO works forecast to be under budget circa £250k. Materials spend is likely to be below budget by 8%, £45k. Another impact of staff shortages is the Planned Maintenance budget not being fully spent, £37k. Smaller costs outside the budget: Procurement Consortium £13k, Homes England audit costs £6k and other ad-hoc variances totalling £5k.	296,000
G	Housing & Tenancy: Vacant posts and delays in filling roles has generated a forecast underspend of £157k, similar to Q2. Additionally there will be an underspend on various areas, such as Council Tax £30k and a range of other areas within Estates Management, £48k. There is an anticipated £15k underspend on utilities for the year. Other minor underspends aggregating to £20k in Tenancy.	(271,000
Н	Interest Payable: This is likely to be below budget due to slippage on the 2023/24 Capital Programme. This number is likely to move before year-end.	(300,000
I	Transfers between earmarked reserves: See J (below).	45,000
J	Capital Receipts Reserve Adjustment: Estimated shortfall on administration income from right-to-buy sales.	10,000
K	Renewable Energy Transactions: Any surplus is a contribution to the reserve for future capital works.	(55,000
	FORECAST (SURPLUS)/DEFICIT AS AT 31/03/2024	(520,000)